

Chapel Hill State School

Science Curriculum and Assessment Yearly Overview 2024 YEAR 5

Curriculum Intent

Year Level Description

The science inquiry skills and science as a human endeavour strands are described across a two-year band. In their planning, schools and teachers refer to the expectations outlined in the achievement standard and also to the content of the science understanding strand for the relevant year level to ensure that these two strands are addressed over the two-year period. The three strands of the curriculum are interrelated and their content is taught in an integrated way. The order and detail in which the content descriptions are organised into teaching and learning programs are decisions to be made by the teacher.

Incorporating the key ideas of science

Over Years 3 to 6, students develop their understanding of a range of systems operating at different time and geographic scales.

In Year 5, students are introduced to cause and effect relationships through an exploration of adaptations of living things and how this links to form and function. They explore observable phenomena associated with light and begin to appreciate that phenomena have sets of characteristic behaviours. They broaden their classification of matter to include gases and begin to see how matter structures the world around them. Students consider Earth as a component within a solar system and use models for investigating systems at astronomical scales. Students begin to identify stable and dynamic aspects of systems, and learn how to look for patterns and relationships between components of systems. They develop explanations for the patterns they observe.

Achievement Standards

Spiral Progression and Alignment

Developing the same concepts from one grade level to the next in increasing complexity and application.

YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6
By the end of Year 4, students apply the observable properties of materials to explain how objects and materials can be used. They describe how contact and non-contact forces affect interactions between objects. They discuss how natural processes and human activity cause changes to Earth's surface. They describe relationships that assist the survival of living things and sequence key stages in the life cycle of a plant or animal. They identify when science is used to understand the effect of their actions. Students follow instructions to identify investigable questions about familiar contexts and make predictions based on prior knowledge. They describe ways to conduct investigations and safely use equipment to make and record observations with accuracy. They use provided tables and column graphs to organise data and identify patterns. Students suggest explanations for observations and compare their findings with their predictions. They suggest reasons why a test was fair or not. They use formal and informal ways to communicate their observations and findings.	By the end of Year 5, students classify substances according to their observable properties and behaviours. They explain everyday phenomena associated with the transfer of light. They describe the key features of our solar system. They analyse how the form of living things enables them to function in their environments. Students discuss how scientific developments have affected people's lives; help us solve problems and how science knowledge develops from many people's contributions. Students follow instructions to pose questions for investigation and predict the effect of changing variables when planning an investigation. They use equipment in ways that are safe and improve the accuracy of their observations. Students construct tables and graphs to organise data and identify patterns in the data. They compare patterns in their data with predictions when suggesting explanations. They describe ways to improve the fairness of their investigations, and communicate their ideas and findings using multimodal texts.	By the end of Year 6, s observable changes to electricity and describe another when generati rapid change to Earth's environmental changes scientific knowledge he identify historical and o Students follow proced investigations into simp to be changed and me methods. They collect, improvements to their describe and analyse r and construct multimod





students compare and classify different types of materials. They analyse requirements for the transfer of e how energy can be transformed from one form to ing electricity. They explain how natural events cause s surface. They describe and predict the effect of s on individual living things. Students explain how elps us to solve problems and inform decisions and cultural contributions.

dures to develop investigable questions and design ple cause-and-effect relationships. They identify variables asured and describe potential safety risks when planning , organise and interpret their data, identifying where methods or research could improve the data. They relationships in data using appropriate representations dal texts to communicate ideas, methods and findings.

Year 5 Science Curr		lum and Assessment Overview		
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3		
Unit 3	Unit 1	Unit 4		
Now You See It Students investigate the properties of light and the formation of shadows. They investigate reflection angles, how refraction affects our perceptions of an object's location, how filters absorb light and affect how we perceive the colour of objects, and the relationship between light source distance and shadow height. They plan investigations including posing questions, making predictions, and following and developing methods. They analyse and represent data and communicate findings using a range of text types, including reports and labelled and ray diagrams. They explore the role of light in everyday objects and devices and consider how improved technology has changed devices and affected peoples' lives.	Survival in the Environment Students analyse the structural features and behavioural adaptations that assist living things to survive in their environment. They understand that science involves using evidence and comparing data to develop explanations. Students investigate the relationships between the factors that influence how plants and animals survive in their environments, including those that survive in extreme environments, and use this knowledge to design creatures with adaptations that are suitable for survival in prescribed environments.	Matter Matters Students broaden their classification of matter to include gases and begin to see how matter structures the world around them. They understand that solids, liquids and gases have some shared and some distinct observable properties and can behave in different ways. Students pose questions, make predictions and plan investigation methods into the observable properties and behaviours of solids, liquids and gases. They represent data and observations in tables and graphs. They identify patterns and relationships in data and compare patterns with their predictions when suggesting explanations. They suggest ways to improve fairness and accuracy of their investigation	Our P Stude planet affecto knowl guidat invest decide Stude includ media	
	Assessment			
Experimental Investigation Students plan, predict and conduct a fair investigation to explain everyday phenomena associated with the transfer of light. They discuss how scientific developments have affected people's lives and help us solve problems. Students describe ways to improve the fairness of their investigation and communicate ideas and findings.	Educational Research Project (ERP) Students analyse how the form of living things enables them to function in their environments. They use environmental data when suggesting explanations for difference in structural features of creatures	Gases Experimental Investigation Part A: Inquiry Part B: Knowledge Short Answer Test Students plan, conduct and evaluate an investigation into a variable that affects evaporation and describe and apply knowledge of the properties of solids, liquids and gases. They communicate ideas and findings using multimodal texts.	Resea Stude descri contril affecte (Linke	
Achievement Standard – Elements Assessed				
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Term 4

Unit 2

Place in the Solar System

ents describe the key features of our solar system including ets and stars. They discuss scientific developments that have ted people's lives and describe details of contributions to our vledge of the solar system from a range of people. With ance, students will pose questions, plan and conduct stigations to answer questions and solve problems. They de on variables to change and measure to conduct fair tests. ents communicate their ideas in a variety of multimodal texts ding recording in data sheets and as a report for popular ia.

oring the Solar System

earch and Short Answer Knowledge Test

ents describe key features of the solar system. They ribe how science knowledge develops from many people's ributions and explain how scientific developments have ted people's lives and solved problems.

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